

A FORWARD-LOOKING RFS RESET



THE RFS MUST BE PROTECTED. The RFS strengthens our rural economy, makes our air cleaner, lowers our dependence on foreign oil, and provides consumers with more affordable fuel options at the pump. Efforts to limit the use of ethanol would increase gas prices and limit consumer choice, hurt rural America and farmers, and undermine progress made to reduce harmful chemicals in gasoline that produce cancer-causing emissions.

ACCELERATE PROGRESS WITH A FORWARD-LOOKING RFS RESET

Each year, the EPA set goals under the RFS that determine how much renewable energy will be available to consumers in year ahead. EPA biofuel targets did not meet the statutory goals in 2018- 2019, triggering a more comprehensive evaluation or “reset.” That means the next rule will not only encompass the 2020 blending targets, it also will set new RFS goalposts through 2022. Our goal for this process is simple: keep the RFS moving forward.

GROWTH ENERGY SUPPORTS:

- ✓ The Renewable Fuel Standard (RFS) and a growing role for homegrown energy in America’s fuel mix, as Congress intended.
- ✓ An increase in biofuel targets set by EPA within the RFS reset.

GROWTH ENERGY OPPOSES:

- ⊘ Efforts to decrease the use of biofuels, including in the RFS reset.

SIX CRITERIA CONSIDERED BY EPA FOR SETTING RFS RESET BIOFUEL TARGETS:



IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT



EXPECTED RATE OF FUTURE BIOFUEL PRODUCTION



COST TO CONSUMERS



ENERGY SECURITY



INFRASTRUCTURE



OTHER FACTORS

such as job creation, impact on commodities prices, rural economic development, food prices